# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# FORM 8-K

#### **CURRENT REPORT**

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): February 26, 2019

# **CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

001-11590

(Commission File Number) 51-0064146 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

909 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware 19904 (Address of principal executive offices, including Zip Code)

> (302) 734-6799 (Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

#### Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On February 26, 2019, Chesapeake Utilities Corporation issued a press release announcing its financial results for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2018. A copy of the press release is attached as Exhibit 99.1 hereto and is incorporated by reference herein.

#### Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibit 99.1 - Press Release of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, dated February 26, 2019.

#### SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

/s/ Beth W. Cooper

Beth W. Cooper Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Assistant Corporate Secretary

Date: February 26, 2019



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE February 26, 2019 NYSE Symbol: CPK

#### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION REPORTS FOURTH QUARTER AND FISCAL YEAR 2018 RESULTS

- GAAP 2018 EPS of \$3.45 exceeded Company guidance
- GAAP earnings totaled \$3.45 per share (diluted)\*\* in 2018 compared to \$3.55 per share in 2017. The 2017 earnings included the one-time positive impact of \$0.87 per share for the United States Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("TCJA")
- Adjusted (non-GAAP) earnings increased to \$3.31 per share in 2018 from \$2.89 in 2017
- Recently constructed pipeline projects generated \$12.9 million in gross margin\* in 2018 and are expected to generate \$23.6 million in annual gross margin going forward
- Key regulatory initiatives as well as ongoing infrastructure improvement programs contributed \$8.6 million of incremental gross margin in 2018
- Growth in the propane operations and Aspire Energy of Ohio LLC ("Aspire Energy") added \$3.1 million of gross margin in 2018
- \$9.6 million was passed on as savings to regulated energy customers as a result of lower federal income taxes from TCJA

<u>Dover, Delaware</u> — Chesapeake Utilities Corporation (NYSE: CPK) ("Chesapeake Utilities" or the "Company") today announced financial results for the year and the fourth quarter ended December 31, 2018.

Reported net income for 2018 was \$56.6 million, or \$3.45 per share compared to \$58.1 million, or \$3.55 per share for 2017. Adjusted 2018 net income increased to \$54.3 million, or \$3.31 per share, from \$47.3 million, or \$2.89 per share in 2017. Continued growth across the Company's businesses, key regulatory initiatives and colder weather were the most significant contributors to higher earnings in 2018.

Fourth quarter 2018 GAAP net income was \$17.8 million, or \$1.08 per share compared to \$26.1 million, or \$1.59 per share in 2017. Adjusted fourth quarter 2018 net income increased to \$18.2 million, or \$1.10 per share, from \$15.3 million, or \$0.93 per share in 2017. Higher 2018 fourth quarter adjusted earnings reflect continued growth across the Company's businesses. A detailed discussion of operating results begins on page 3.

"Just two short months ago, I was appointed President and CEO of this very special company. I continue to be energized by everything I see, including the results discussed herein, our employees which drive our success, our commitment to providing safe, clean, reliable energy services to existing and new communities, and other potential growth opportunities," stated Jeffry M. Householder, President and Chief Executive Officer. "2018 was another remarkable year by any measure. 2018 EPS exceeded our guidance of 17 percent growth over 2017 adjusted earnings. Earnings were driven by our highest ever increase in gross margin, which reflected strong growth across our regulated and unregulated energy businesses. Given the opportunities in our existing businesses and ongoing projects and initiatives, we are well positioned for future growth. It is an exciting time to lead this Company forward," Mr. Householder added.

#### Significant Items Impacting Earnings

Results for the year and fourth quarter of 2018 and 2017 were impacted by the following significant items:

For the year ended December 31,	2018			2017			
(in thousands, except per share data)	Net Income		EPS		Net Income		EPS
Reported (GAAP) Earnings	\$ 56,580	\$	3.45	\$	58,124	\$	3.55
Unrealized mark-to-market ("MTM") activity	(3,706)		(0.23)		3,499		0.21
One-time impact from TCJA associated with deferred tax liability revaluation			—		(14,299)		(0.87)
Non-recurring separation expenses associated with a former executive	1,421		0.09		—		—
Adjusted (Non-GAAP) Earnings*	\$ 54,295	\$	3.31	\$	47,324	\$	2.89

For the period ended December 31,	Fourth Quarter 2018			Fourth Quarter 2017				
(in thousands, except per share data)		Net Income		EPS		Net Income		EPS
Reported (GAAP) Earnings	\$	17,801	\$	1.08	\$	26,101	\$	1.59
Unrealized MTM activity		401		0.02		3,467		0.21
One-time impact from TCJA associated with deferred tax liability revaluation						(14,299)		(0.87)
Adjusted (Non-GAAP) Earnings	\$	18,202	\$	1.10	\$	15,269	\$	0.93

The Company's reported EPS was \$3.45 for 2018 compared to \$3.55 in 2017. 2018 adjusted (non-GAAP) EPS totaled \$3.31, representing 14.5 percent growth over 2017 adjusted (non-GAAP) EPS of \$2.89. Fourth quarter 2018 adjusted (non-GAAP) EPS of \$1.10 reflects growth of 18.3 percent over fourth quarter adjusted (non-GAAP) EPS of \$0.93 in 2017.

#### **Hurricane Michael Update**

In October 2018, Hurricane Michael passed through Florida Public Utilities Company's ("FPU") electric distribution operation's service territory in Northwest Florida. The hurricane caused widespread and severe damage to FPU's infrastructure resulting in 100 percent of its customers losing electrical service. FPU has restored service to those customers who were able to accept power following Hurricane Michael after a significant hurricane restoration effort. In conjunction with restoring these services, FPU expended over \$60 million to restore service, which has been recorded as new plant and equipment or charged against FPU's accumulated depreciation and storm reserve. The Company has begun preparing the necessary regulatory filings to seek recovery for the costs incurred, including replenishment of the Company's storm reserve. In conjunction with the hurricane-related expenditures, the Company executed two 13-month unsecured term loans as temporary financing, each in the amount of \$30 million. The interest cost associated with these loans is LIBOR plus 75 basis points. One of the term loans was executed in December of 2018 and the other was executed on January 31, 2019. The storm did not have a material impact on the Company's financial results in 2018 as services were restored to a majority of its customers, and is not expected to have a significant impact going forward as the Company will be seeking recovery of the storm costs through rates.

\*This press release includes references to non-Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") financial measures, including gross margin, adjusted earnings and Adjusted EPS. A "non-GAAP financial measure" is generally defined as a numerical measure of a company's historical or future performance that includes or excludes amounts, or that is subject to adjustments, so as to be different from the most directly comparable measure calculated or presented in accordance with GAAP. Our management believes certain non-GAAP financial measures, when considered together with GAAP financial measures, provide information that is useful to investors in understanding period-over-period operating results separate and apart from items that may, or could, have a disproportionately positive or negative impact on results in any particular period.

The Company calculates "gross margin" by deducting the cost of sales from operating revenues. Cost of sales includes the purchased fuel cost for natural gas, electricity and propane, and the cost of labor spent on direct revenue-producing activities and excludes depreciation, amortization and accretion. Other companies may calculate gross margin in a different manner. Gross margin should not be considered an alternative to operating income or net income, both of which are determined in accordance with GAAP. The Company believes that gross margin, although a non-GAAP measure, is useful and meaningful to investors as a basis for making investment decisions. It provides investors with information that demonstrates the profitability achieved by the Company under its allowed rates for regulated operations and under its competitive pricing structures for unregulated businesses. The Company's management uses gross margin in measuring its business units' performance. This press release also includes gross margin that excludes the impact of unusual items, such as the pass-through to customers of lower federal income taxes resulting from TCJA. The Company calculates "adjusted earnings" by adjusting reported (GAAP) earnings to exclude the impact of certain significant non-cash items, including the impact of realized MTM gains (losses), and one-time charges, such as severance charges. "Adjusted EPS" is calculated by dividing adjusted earnings by the weighted average common shares outstanding.

\*\*Unless otherwise noted, earnings per share information is presented on a diluted basis.

#### Operating Results for the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### **Consolidated Results**

		Year Ended	Decen	nber 31,			
(in thousands)	2018		2017			Change	Percent Change
Gross margin before the TCJA impact	\$	316,310	\$	279,669 \$		36,641	13.1%
Pass-through of lower taxes to regulated energy customers		(9,562)		—		(9,562)	N/A
Gross margin		306,748		279,669		27,079	9.7%
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes		56,948		51,782		5,166	10.0%
Non-recurring executive separation expenses		1,548		—		1,548	N/A
Other operating expenses		153,632		140,467		13,165	9.4%
Operating income	\$	94,620	\$	87,420	\$	7,200	8.2%

Operating income, for the year ended December 31, 2018, increased by \$7.2 million, or 8.2 percent, compared to the same period in 2017. This increase was driven by a \$27.1 million, or 9.7 percent, increase in gross margin, which is net of \$9.6 million of estimated customer refunds for lower taxes associated with the TCJA. The increased margin was partially offset by a \$5.2 million increase in depreciation, amortization and property taxes and a \$13.2 million increase in other operating expenses. The pass-through of lower taxes to customers is completely offset by an equivalent reduction in income tax expenses for the Regulated Energy segment. Excluding the estimated pass-through of lower taxes to customers, gross margin and operating income increased by \$36.6 million (13.1 percent) and \$16.8 million (19.2 percent), respectively.

#### 4-4-4-4

#### **Regulated Energy Segment**

		Year Ended	Decen	ıber 31,					
(in thousands)	2018			2017		2017		Change	Percent Change
Gross margin before the TCJA impact	\$	233,015	\$	207,541	\$	25,474	12.3%		
Pass-through of lower taxes to regulated energy customers		(9,562)		—		(9,562)	N/A		
Gross margin		223,453		207,541		15,912	7.7%		
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes		46,523		42,337		4,186	9.9%		
Other operating expenses		97,715		90,620		7,095	7.8%		
Operating income	\$	79,215	\$	74,584	\$	4,631	6.2%		

Operating income for the Regulated Energy segment increased by \$4.6 million, or 6.2 percent, for the year ended December 31, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. This increase was driven by a \$25.5 million increase in gross margin before the impact of the TCJA, which was partially offset by \$4.2 million in higher depreciation and \$7.1 million in other operating expenses associated with gross margin growth. Excluding the estimated pass-through of lower taxes to customers, operating income increased by \$14.2 million, or 19.0 percent.

The key components of the increase in gross margin are shown below:

(in thousands)	Mar	gin Impact
Eastern Shore <sup>*</sup> and Peninsula Pipeline <sup>**</sup> service expansions	\$	9,709
Natural gas growth (excluding service expansions)		5,911
Implementation of Eastern Shore settled rates		5,803
Colder weather		1,788
Florida electric reliability/modernization program		1,516
Florida Gas Reliability and Infrastructure Program ("GRIP")		1,277
Other		(530)
Total		25,474
Less: Pass-through of lower taxes to regulated energy customers***		(9,562)
Year-over-year increase in gross margin	\$	15,912

\*Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, the Company's interstate natural gas transmission subsidiary

\*\*Peninsula Pipeline Company, Inc., the Company's Florida intrastate pipeline subsidiary \*\*\*As a result of the TCJA and in compliance with directives by federal and state regulatory commissions, the Company reserved or refunded an estimated \$9.6 million during 2018. In some jurisdictions, refunds have been made to customers, while in other jurisdictions, the Company has established reserves until agreements are approved and permanent changes are made to customer rates. The reserves and lower customer rates are equal to the estimated reduction in federal income taxes due to the TCJA and have no material impact on after-tax earnings from the Regulated Energy segment.

#### 5-5-5-5

The major components of the increase in other operating expenses are as follows:

(in thousands)	Other Operating Expenses
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes associated with recent capital investments	\$ 4,186
Payroll expense (increased staffing and annual salary increases)	2,426
Outside services to support growth	2,182
Facilities costs to support growth and maintenance costs to maintain system integrity	1,661
Other operating expenses, including vehicle, other taxes and credit collections due to growth and timing of collections	869
Incentive compensation costs (based on actual results compared to targets and timing of accruals)	(737)
Regulatory expenses due to fewer proceedings in 2018	(661)
Other employee-related expenses	514
Early termination of facility lease due to consolidation of operations facilities	323
Cumulative change in other expenses	518
Year-over-year increase in other operating expenses	\$ 11,281

#### Unregulated Energy Segment

		Year Ended	Decen	nber 31,					
(in thousands)	2018 2017					Change	Percent Change		
Gross margin	\$	83,798	\$	\$ 72,572		11,226	15.5%		
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes		10,282		9,287		995	10.7%		
Other operating expenses		56,615		50,654		5,961	11.8%		
Operating income	\$	16,901	\$	12,631	\$	4,270	33.8%		

Given the impact of MTM activity and increased infrastructure and risk management system costs, Peninsula Energy Services Company, Inc. ("PESCO")'s results continue to be reported separate from the rest of the Unregulated Energy segment:

#### Unregulated Energy Segment, excluding PESCO

	Year Ended	Decen	nber 31,				
(in thousands)	 2018 2017				Change	Percent Change	
Gross margin	\$ 77,197	\$ 70,360		\$	6,837	9.7%	
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes	9,678		9,081		597	6.6%	
Other operating expenses	49,197		45,504		3,693	8.1%	
Operating income	\$ 18,322	\$	15,775	\$	2,547	16.1%	

Operating income for the Unregulated Energy segment, excluding PESCO, increased by \$2.5 million in 2018 compared to 2017. Gross margin increased by \$6.8 million, or 9.7 percent, due primarily to higher performance from the propane operations and at Aspire Energy, as well as more normal weather. Other operating expenses increased by \$3.7 million, and depreciation, amortization and property taxes increased by \$597,000 as a result of the margin growth.

#### 6-6-6-6

The major components of the increase in gross margin (excluding PESCO results) are shown below:

(in thousands)	Ma	rgin Impact
Propane Operations		
Customer growth, increased sales volumes (non-weather related) and other factors	\$	2,947
Additional customer consumption from colder weather		2,241
Decreased margins per gallon in certain customer classes		(977)
Service, appliances and other fees		404
Higher wholesale propane margins and sales		287
Aspire Energy		
Higher customer consumption from colder weather		1,017
Increase in rates effective on various dates in 2018		602
Other		316
Year-over-year increase in gross margin	\$	6,837

The key components of the increase in other operating expenses (excluding PESCO expenses) are as follows:

(in thousands)	er Operating Expenses
Payroll expense (increased staffing and annual salary increases)	\$ 1,923
Facilities and maintenance costs to support growth and on-going compliance activities	953
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes associated with recent capital investments	597
Other employee-related costs	586
Cumulative change in other expenses	231
Year-over-year increase in other operating expenses	\$ 4,290

#### PESCO

		Year Ended December 31,						
(in thousands)	-		2018		2017	_	Change	
Gross margin	:	\$	6,601	\$	2,212	\$	4,389	
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes			604		206		398	
Other operating expenses			7,418		5,150		2,268	
Operating loss	:	\$	(1,421)	\$	(3,144)	\$	1,723	

PESCO's operating results in 2018 improved by \$1.7 million compared to 2017 due primarily to MTM gains recorded in 2018 compared to MTM losses recorded in 2017, partially offset by the extraordinary costs of meeting demand requirements in the Mid-Atlantic region during the first quarter associated with the 2018 Bomb Cyclone, capacity constraints and other market conditions. PESCO's other operating expenses increased by \$2.3 million compared to the same period in 2017, reflecting increased staffing, infrastructure and risk management systems to support PESCO's growth. See a more detailed discussion later in the press release (page 19) and in the Company's 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Operating Results for the Quarters Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### **Consolidated Results**

	Thr	ee Months En	ded I	December 31,		
(in thousands)		2018 2017		Change	Percent Change	
Gross margin before the TCJA impact	\$	87,051	\$	75,020	\$ 12,031	16.0%
Pass-through of lower taxes to regulated energy customers		(1,981)		—	(1,981)	N/A
Gross margin		85,070		75,020	 10,050	13.4%
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes		14,799		13,367	1,432	10.7%
Other operating expenses		41,341		38,025	3,316	8.7%
Operating income	\$	28,930	\$	23,628	\$ 5,302	22.4%

Operating income during the fourth quarter of 2018 increased by \$5.3 million, or 22.4 percent, compared to the same period in 2017. Passthrough of lower taxes to regulated energy customers, as a result of the TCJA, reduced margin and operating income by approximately \$2.0 million, and were offset by an equal reduction in income taxes. Gross margin before the effect of the TCJA increased by \$12.0 million, or 16.0 percent, and operating income increased by \$7.3 million, or 30.8 percent. Depreciation expense increased by \$1.4 million, and other operating expenses increased by \$3.3 million, reflecting increased investment and costs to support growth.

#### Regulated Energy Segment

	Thre	e Months En	ded D	ecember 31,		
(in thousands)	2018 2017		Change	Percent Change		
Gross margin before the TCJA impact	\$	62,509	\$	56,394	\$ 6,115	10.8%
Pass-through of lower taxes to regulated energy customers		(1,981)			(1,981)	N/A
Gross margin		60,528		56,394	 4,134	7.3%
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes		12,121		10,926	1,195	10.9%
Other operating expenses		26,122		23,888	 2,234	9.4%
Operating income	\$	22,285	\$	21,580	\$ 705	3.3%

Operating income for the Regulated Energy segment increased by \$705,000, or 3.3 percent, in the fourth quarter of 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. This increase was driven by a \$4.1 million increase in gross margin, offset by \$3.4 million in higher depreciation and other operating expenses associated with the margin growth. Fourth quarter gross margin and operating income were also impacted by customer refunds of \$2.0 million, due to the pass-through of lower taxes to regulated energy customers as a result of the TCJA. The decrease in gross margin and operating income from the customer refunds was completely offset by an equal reduction in income tax expense. Excluding the estimated pass-through to customers of lower taxes, operating income increased by \$2.7 million, or 12.4 percent. This increase in operating income reflects continued growth in the natural gas distribution operations and expansions at Peninsula Pipeline and Eastern Shore, as shown in the table that follows.

#### 8-8-8-8

The key components of the increase in gross margin are shown below:

(in thousands)	Marg	in Impact
Eastern Shore and Peninsula Pipeline service expansions	\$	3,743
Natural gas growth (excluding service expansions)		1,566
Florida GRIP		346
Florida electric reliability/modernization program		285
Other		175
Total		6,115
Less: Pass-through to regulated energy customers of lower taxes resulting from TCJA*		(1,981)
Quarter-over-quarter increase in gross margin	\$	4,134

\*As a result of the TCJA and in compliance with directives by federal and state regulatory commissions, the Company reserved or refunded an estimated \$2.0 million during the fourth quarter of 2018. In some jurisdictions, refunds have been made to customers, while in other jurisdictions, the Company has established reserves until final agreements are approved and permanent changes are made to customer rates. The reserves and lower customer rates are equal to the estimated reduction in federal income taxes due to the TCJA and have no material impact on after-tax earnings from the Regulated Energy segment.

The major components of the increase in other operating expenses are as follows:

(in thousands)	r Operating Expenses
Outside services to support growth	\$ 2,150
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes associated with recent capital projects	1,195
Incentive compensation costs (based on actual results compared to targets and timing of accruals)	(1,140)
Payroll expense (increased staffing and annual salary increases)	571
Other employee-related expenses	207
Cumulative change in other expenses	446
Quarter-over-quarter increase in other operating expenses	\$ 3,429

#### **Unregulated Energy Segment**

	Th	ree Months Er	nded I	December 31,		
(in thousands)	2018 2017				Change	Percent Change
Gross margin	\$	24,649	\$	18,745	\$ 5,904	31.5%
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes		2,645		2,403	242	10.1%
Other operating expenses		15,344		14,337	1,007	7.0%
Operating income	\$	6,660	\$	2,005	\$ 4,655	232.2%

As with full year results, PESCO's quarterly results are shown separate from the rest of the Unregulated Energy Segment.

#### 9-9-9-9

#### Unregulated Energy Segment, excluding PESCO

	Th	ree Months Er	ided ]	December 31,		
(in thousands)	2018 2017				 Change	Percent Change
Gross margin	\$	22,560	\$	22,282	\$ 278	1.2 %
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes		2,497		2,308	189	8.2 %
Other operating expenses		13,203		12,641	 562	4.4 %
Operating income	\$	6,860	\$	7,333	\$ (473)	(6.5)%

Operating income for the Unregulated Energy segment, excluding PESCO, decreased by \$473,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in operating income reflects a \$278,000 increase in gross margin, offset by \$562,000 in higher other operating expenses.

The major components of the increase in gross margin, excluding PESCO results, are shown below:

(in thousands)	Mar	gin Impact
Unregulated Energy customer growth	\$	1,348
Propane operations - decreased retail margins per gallon for certain customer classes		(500)
Warmer weather in the Mid-Atlantic		(475)
Other		(95)
Quarter-over-quarter increase in gross margin	\$	278

Other operating expenses were higher as a result of additional personnel, and outside services to support growth in these businesses, offset by lower incentive compensation costs as a result of actual results relative to pre-established targets and the timing of associated accruals.

The major components of the increase in other operating expenses are as follows:

(in thousands)	Other Op	erating Expenses
Outside services and facilities maintenance costs	\$	674
Incentive compensation costs (based on period-over-period results compared to targets and the timing of accruals)		(643)
Payroll expense (increased staffing and annual salary increases)		495
Cumulative change in other expenses		36
Quarter-over-quarter increase in other operating expenses	\$	562

#### **PESCO**

	Three Months Ended December 31,							
(in thousands)	2018			2017		Change		
Gross margin	\$	2,089	\$	(3,537)	\$	5,626		
Depreciation, amortization and property taxes		148		95		53		
Other operating expenses		2,141		1,696		445		
Operating loss	\$	(200)	\$	(5,328)	\$	5,128		

For the three months ended December 31, 2018, PESCO's gross margin improved by \$5.6 million, compared to the same period in 2017, due primarily to the absence of the unrealized MTM loss recorded in the fourth quarter of 2017. PESCO's operating expenses increased by \$498,000, compared to the same period in 2017, reflecting increased planned expenses for staff, infrastructure and risk management systems to keep pace with growth. A more detailed discussion of PESCO's results for the fourth quarters of 2018 and 2017 is provided later in this release (page 19) and in the Company's 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements

The Company makes statements in this Press Release that does not directly or exclusively relate to historical facts. Such statements are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. One can typically identify forward-looking statements by the use of forward-looking words, such as "project," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "estimate," "continue," "potential," "forecast" or other similar words, or future or conditional verbs such as "may," "will," "should," "would" or "could." These statements represent the Company's intentions, plans, expectations, assumptions and beliefs about future financial performance, business strategy, projected plans and objectives of the Company. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made or as of the date indicated and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These statements are subject to many risks and uncertainties. In addition to the risk factors described under *Item 1A, Risk Factors*, in the Company's 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K, the following important factors, among others, could cause actual future results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements:

- state and federal legislative and regulatory initiatives that affect cost and investment recovery, have an impact on rate structures, and affect the speed and the degree to which competition enters the electric and natural gas industries;
- the outcomes of regulatory, environmental and legal matters, including whether pending matters are resolved within current estimates and whether the related costs are adequately covered by insurance or recoverable in rates;
- the impact of significant changes to current tax regulations and rates;
- the timing of certification authorizations associated with new capital projects and the ability to construct facilities at or below estimated costs;
- changes in environmental and other laws and regulations to which we are subject and environmental conditions of property that we now, or may in the future, own or operate;
- possible increased federal, state and local regulation of the safety of our operations;
- the economy in our service territories or markets, the nation, and worldwide, including the impact of economic conditions (which we do not control ) on demand for electricity, natural gas, propane or other fuels;
- risks related to cyber-attacks or cyber-terrorism that could disrupt our business operations or result in failure of information technology systems;
- the weather and other natural phenomena, including the economic, operational and other effects of hurricanes, ice storms and other damaging weather events;
- customers' preferred energy sources;
- industrial, commercial and residential growth or contraction in our markets or service territories;

#### 11-11-11-11

- the effect of competition on our businesses;
- the timing and extent of changes in commodity prices and interest rates;
- · the effect of spot, forward and future market prices on our various energy businesses;
- the extent of our success in connecting natural gas and electric supplies to transmission systems, establishing and maintaining key supply sources; and expanding natural gas and electric markets;
- the creditworthiness of counterparties with which we are engaged in transactions;
- the capital-intensive nature of our regulated energy businesses;
- the results of financing efforts, including our ability to obtain financing on favorable terms, which can be affected by various factors, including credit ratings and general economic conditions;
- the ability to successfully execute, manage and integrate a merger, acquisition or divestiture of assets or businesses and the related regulatory or other conditions associated with the merger, acquisition or divestiture;
- the impact on our costs and funding obligations, under our pension and other post-retirement benefit plans, of potential downturns in the financial markets, lower discount rates, and costs associated with health care legislation and regulation;
- the ability to continue to hire, train and retain appropriately qualified personnel; and
- · the effect of accounting pronouncements issued periodically by accounting standard-setting bodies.

#### **Conference Call**

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation will host a conference call on March 1, 2019 at 10:30 a.m. Eastern Time to discuss the Company's financial results for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018. To participate in this call, dial 855.801.6270 and reference Chesapeake Utilities' 2018 Financial Results Conference Call. To access the replay recording of this call, please visit the Company's website at <u>CPK Earnings</u> <u>Results</u> or download the replay on your mobile device by accessing the Audiocast section of the Company's Investor Relations App.

#### About Chesapeake Utilities Corporation

Chesapeake Utilities is a diversified energy company engaged in natural gas distribution, transmission, gathering and processing, and marketing; electricity generation and distribution; propane gas operations; and other businesses. Information about Chesapeake Utilities and its family of businesses is available at http://www.chpk.com or through its Investor Relations App.

Please note that Chesapeake Utilities Corporation is not affiliated with Chesapeake Energy, an oil and natural gas exploration company headquartered in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

For more information, contact:

Beth W. Cooper Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Assistant Corporate Secretary 302.734.6799

#### 12-12-12-12

Financial Summary (in thousands, except per-share data)

	Year	Ende	d	Fourth Quarter						
For the Periods Ended December 31,	2018 2017				2018		2017			
Gross Margin										
Regulated Energy	\$ 223,453	\$	207,541	\$	60,528	\$	56,394			
Unregulated Energy	83,798		72,572		24,649		18,745			
Other businesses and eliminations	(503)		(444)		(107)		(119)			
Total Gross Margin	\$ 306,748	\$	279,669	\$	85,070	\$	75,020			
Operating Income										
Regulated Energy	\$ 79,215	\$	74,584	\$	22,285	\$	21,580			
Unregulated Energy	16,901		12,631		6,660		2,005			
Other businesses and eliminations	(1,496)		205		(15)		43			
Total Operating Income	\$ 94,620	\$	87,420	\$	28,930	\$	23,628			
Other expense, net	(615)		(2,342)		(410)		(486)			
Interest charges	16,431		12,645		4,456		3,513			
Income taxes	20,994		14,309		6,263		(6,472)			
Net Income	\$ 56,580	\$	58,124	\$	17,801	\$	26,101			
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock										
Basic	\$ 3.46	\$	3.56	\$	1.09	\$	1.60			
Diluted	\$ 3.45	\$	3.55	\$	1.08	\$	1.59			

#### 13-13-13-13

#### **Financial Summary Highlights**

Key variances for the year ended December 31, 2018 included:

(in thousands, except per share data)	Pre-tax Income	Net Income	Earnings Per Share
Year ended December 31, 2017 Reported Results	\$ 72,433	\$ 58,124	\$ 3.55
Adjusting for unusual items:			
Absence of the 2017 deferred tax revaluation benefit associated with the TCJA	_	(14,299)	(0.87)
Net impact of PESCO's MTM activity	10,423	7,602	0.46
One-time separation expenses associated with a former executive	(1,548)	(1,421)	(0.09)
Absence of Xeron expenses, including 2017 wind-down expenses	829	605	0.04
	9,704	(7,513)	(0.46)
Increased (Decreased) Gross Margins:			
Eastern Shore and Peninsula Pipeline service expansions*	9,709	7,082	0.43
Pass-through of lower taxes to regulated energy customers <sup>(1)</sup>	(9,562)	(6,975)	(0.42)
Natural gas growth (excluding service expansions)	5,911	4,311	0.26
Implementation of Eastern Shore settled rates <sup>*(2)</sup>	5,803	4,233	0.26
Impact on PESCO from Bomb Cyclone and pipeline capacity constraints	(5,545)	(4,044)	(0.25)
Colder weather	5,046	3,680	0.22
Unregulated Energy growth, excluding PESCO	3,140	2,290	0.14
Florida electric reliability/modernization program*	1,516	1,106	0.07
Florida GRIP*	1,277	932	0.06
Other margin for PESCO operations (net)	(489)	(357)	(0.02)
	16,806	12,258	0.75
Decreased (Increased) Other Operating Expenses <sup>(3)</sup> :			
Depreciation, asset removal and property taxes	(4,779)	(3,486)	(0.21)
Payroll expense (increased staffing and annual salary increases)	(4,349)	(3,172)	(0.19)
Facilities maintenance costs	(2,687)	(1,960)	(0.12)
Operating expenses to increase staffing, infrastructure and risk management systems necessary to support growth for PESCO <sup>(3)</sup>	(2,665)	(1,944)	(0.12)
Outside services	(2,182)	(1,592)	(0.12)
Vehicle, other taxes and credit collections	(1,551)	(1,131)	(0.07)
Other employee-related expenses	(1,100)	(802)	(0.05)
Incentive compensation costs	734	535	0.03
Outside regulatory costs and early termination of facility lease due to consolidation of operations facilities	238	173	0.01
	(18,341)	(13,379)	(0.82)
Interest charges	(3,786)	(2,762)	(0.17)
Income taxes - Regulated Energy <sup>(1)</sup>	_	6,975	0.42
Other income tax effects - primarily the impact of income rate tax changes on Unregulated businesses		2,323	0.14
Net Other changes	758	554	0.04
Year ended December 31, 2018 Reported Results	\$ 77,574	\$ 56,580	\$ 3.45

(1) "Pass-through of lower taxes to regulated customers" represents the amounts that have already been refunded to customers or reserves established for future refunds and/or reduced rates to customers in 2018 as a result of lower taxes due to the TCJA. Refunds made to customers are offset by the corresponding decrease in federal income tax expense and are expected to have no negative impact on net income.

(2) Excluding amounts refunded to customers associated with the TCJA, which are broken out separately and discussed in footnote 1.

<sup>(3)</sup> As a result of increased staffing, infrastructure and risk management systems to support growth for PESCO, operating expenses for PESCO are presented separately.

\* See the Major Projects and Initiatives table later in this press release.

#### 14-14-14-14

Key variances for the quarter ended December 31, 2018 included:

(in thousands, except per share)	Pre-tax Income		Net Income		Earnings Per Share
Fourth Quarter 2017 Reported Results	\$ 19,629	\$	26,101	\$	1.59
Adjusting for unusual items:			· ·		
Absence of the Q4 2017 Unregulated Energy tax benefit associated with TCJA			(14,299)		(0.87)
Net impact of PESCO's MTM activity	5,216		3,859		0.23
	 5,216		(10,440)		(0.64)
Increased (Decreased) Gross Margins:					
Eastern Shore and Peninsula Pipeline service expansions*	3,743		2,769		0.17
Pass-through of lower taxes to regulated energy customers <sup>(1)</sup>	(1,981)		(1,465)		(0.09)
Natural gas growth (excluding service expansions)	1,566		1,158		0.07
Unregulated energy growth, excluding PESCO	1,329		983		0.06
Implementation of Eastern Shore settled rates* <sup>(2)</sup>	(641)		(474)		(0.03)
Lower retail propane margins per gallon in certain customer classes	(500)		(370)		(0.02)
Warmer weather	(351)		(260)		(0.02)
Other margin for PESCO operations (net)	409		303		0.02
Florida GRIP*	346		256		0.02
Florida electric reliability/modernization program*	285		211		0.01
	4,205		3,111		0.19
(Increased) Decreased Other Operating Expenses <sup>(3)</sup> :					
Outside services and facilities maintenance costs	(2,898)		(2,143)		(0.13)
Incentive compensation costs (based on period-over-period results)	1,783		1,319		0.08
Depreciation, asset removal and property taxes	(1,379)		(1,020)		(0.06)
Payroll expense (increased staffing and annual salary increases)	(1,065)		(788)		(0.05)
Operating expenses to increase staffing, infrastructure and risk management systems necessary to support growth for PESCO <sup>(3)</sup>	(498)		(368)		(0.02)
Other employee-related expenses	(351)		(259)		(0.02)
	 (4,408)		(3,259)		(0.20)
Interest Charges	 (943)	_	(698)	_	(0.04)
Income taxes - Regulated Energy <sup>(1)</sup>	—		1,465		0.09
Other income tax effects	—		1,253		0.08
Net Other Changes	365		268		0.01
Fourth Quarter 2018 Reported Results	\$ 24,064	\$	17,801	\$	1.08

<sup>(1)</sup> "Pass-through of lower taxes to regulated customers" represents the amounts that have already been refunded to customers or reserves established for future refunds and/or reduced rates to customers in the fourth quarter of 2018 as a result of lower taxes due to the TCJA. Refunds made to customers are offset by the corresponding decrease in federal income taxes and are expected to

have no net impact on net income. <sup>(2)</sup> Excluding amounts refunded to customers associated with the TCJA, which are broken out separately and discussed in footnote 1. <sup>(3)</sup> As a result of increased staffing, infrastructure and risk management systems to support growth for PESCO, operating expenses for PESCO are presented separately.

\* See the Major Projects and Initiatives table later in this press release.

#### 15-15-15-15

The following information highlights certain key factors contributing to the Company's results for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018:

#### Recently Completed and Ongoing Major Projects and Initiatives

The Company constantly seeks and develops additional projects and initiatives to provide solutions for our customers and further increase shareholder value. The following represent the major projects and initiatives recently completed and currently underway. In the future, the Company will add new projects to this table when such projects are initiated.

	Ŋ	Year Ended December 31,				Three Mo Decen	Es	timate for Fiscal		
Project / Initiative		2018		2017		2018	2017			2019
(in thousands)										
Florida GRIP	\$	14,731	\$	13,454	\$	3,798	\$	3,452	\$	16,276
Eastern Shore Rate Case <sup>(1)</sup>		9,496		3,693		2,687		2,673		9,800
Florida Electric Reliability/Modernization Pilot Program <sup>(1)</sup>		1,610		94		379		94		1,558
New Smyrna Beach, Florida <sup>(1)</sup>		1,409		235		352		235		1,409
2017 Eastern Shore System Expansion - including interim services (1)		8,015		483		3,577		483		15,709
Northwest Florida Expansion <sup>(1)</sup>		3,485				1,307		—		6,500
Western Palm Beach County, Florida Expansion <sup>(1)</sup>		54		—		54		—		1,250
Marlin Gas Services		110				110		—		4,475
Ohl propane acquisition (rolled into Sharp)		_		_		_		_		1,200
Total	\$	38,910	\$	17,959	\$	12,264	\$	6,937	\$	58,177

<sup>(1)</sup> Gross margin amounts included in this table have not been adjusted to reflect the impact of the TCJA. Any TCJA-related refunds and/or rate reductions implemented in the Company's regulated businesses were, or will be, offset by lower federal income taxes due to the TCJA.

#### **Ongoing Growth Initiatives**

#### Florida GRIP

GRIP is a natural gas pipe replacement program approved by the Florida Public Service Commission ("PSC"). Since the program's inception in August 2012, we have invested \$127.0 million to replace 268 miles of qualifying distribution mains, including \$13.3 million and \$10.8 million during 2018 and 2017, respectively. GRIP generated additional gross margin of \$1.3 million and \$346,000 for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2017. There are approximately 79 remaining miles of main that will be replaced under this program, at an estimated cost of \$35.0 million.

#### **Regulatory Proceedings**

#### Eastern Shore Rate Case

Eastern Shore's rate case settlement agreement became final on April 1, 2018, with settlement rates effective January 1, 2018. The final agreement increases Eastern Shore's annual operating income by \$6.6 million, representing an estimated \$9.8 million in additional margin from base rates, offset by the pass-through of an estimated \$3.2 million in lower federal income tax expense for Eastern Shore resulting from the TCJA. For the year ended December 31, 2018, Eastern Shore recognized incremental gross margin of approximately \$5.8 million. As of December 31, 2018, Eastern Shore has provided rate reductions to its

#### 16-16-16-16

customers totaling approximately \$3.3 million as a result of the new rates. Annual margin from the new rates in future years is estimated to be \$9.8 million.

#### Florida Electric Reliability/Modernization Pilot Program

In December 2017, the Florida PSC approved a \$1.6 million annualized rate increase effective January 2018, for the recovery of a limited number of investments and costs related to reliability, safety and modernization for our Florida electric distribution system. This increase will continue through at least the last billing cycle of December 2019. For the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018, additional margin of \$1.5 million and \$285,000, respectively, was generated by this program.

#### Major Projects and Initiatives Currently Underway

#### New Smyrna Beach, Florida Project

In the fourth quarter of 2017, we commenced construction of a 14-mile natural gas transmission pipeline to serve current and planned customer growth in the New Smyrna Beach service area. The project was partially placed into service at the end of 2017 and was fully placed into service during the fourth quarter of 2018. For the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018, the project generated incremental gross margin of approximately \$1.2 million and \$117,000 compared to the same periods in 2017. The project is expected to generate \$1.4 million in annual gross margin going forward.

#### 2017 Eastern Shore System Expansion Project

From November 2017 to December 2018, Eastern Shore substantially completed the construction of a system expansion that increased its capacity by 26 percent. The first phase of the project was placed into service in December 2017. For the quarter and year ended December 31, 2018, the project generated \$3.1 million and \$7.5 million, respectively, of incremental gross margin, including margin from interim services, compared to 2017. The project is expected to produce total annual margin of approximately \$15.7 million in 2019, \$15.8 million from 2020 through 2022, and \$13.2 million thereafter.

#### Northwest Florida Expansion Project

Peninsula Pipeline completed construction of transmission lines, and the Company's Florida natural gas division completed construction of lateral distribution lines, to serve customers in Northwest Florida. The project was placed into service in May 2018, generating gross margin of \$1.3 million and \$3.5 million for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2018, respectively, and is expected to generate estimated annual gross margin of \$6.5 million thereafter.

#### Western Palm Beach County, Florida Project

Peninsula Pipeline is constructing transmission lines to bring natural gas to our natural gas distribution system in West Palm Beach, Florida. The first phase of this project was placed into service in December 2018 and generated gross margin of \$54,000 for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018. The Company expects to complete this project in phases through early 2020 and estimates gross margin of \$1.3 million for 2019 and annual gross margin of approximately \$5.4 million, once the project is fully in service.

#### Marlin Gas Services

In December 2018, the Company acquired certain operating assets of Marlin Gas Transport, Inc., a supplier of mobile compressed natural gas utility and pipeline solutions, and a new subsidiary was created named Marlin Gas Services. The acquisition will enable us to offer solutions to address customer supply interruption scenarios and tailor other alternatives where pipeline supplies are not available. Results generated in 2018 were immaterial given the date of acquisition. The Company estimates that this acquisition will generate gross margin of approximately \$4.5 million in 2019, with potential for additional growth in future years.

#### **Ohl Propane Acquisition**

In December 2018, Sharp acquired certain propane customers and operating assets of R. F. Ohl Fuel Oil, Inc. ("Ohl"). Ohl provided propane delivery service to approximately 2,500 residential and commercial customers in Pennsylvania, between two of Sharp's existing districts. The acquired customers and assets have been assimilated into Sharp. Results generated in 2018 were immaterial, given the date of acquisition.

#### 17-17-17-17

The Company estimates that this acquisition will generate gross margin of approximately \$1.2 million in 2019, with potential for additional growth in future years.

#### Future Projects not included in the Table above

#### Del-Mar Energy Pathway Project

In September 2018, Eastern Shore filed for FERC authorization to construct the Del-Mar Energy Pathway project to provide an additional 14,300 Dts/d of capacity to four customers. The benefits of this project include additional natural gas transmission pipeline infrastructure in eastern Sussex County, Delaware, and the initial extension of Eastern Shore's pipeline system into Somerset County, Maryland. The estimated annual gross margin from this project is \$5.1 million. Eastern Shore anticipates that this project would be fully in-service by the third quarter of 2020 contingent upon FERC issuing authorization for the project by August 2019.

#### Weather and Consumption

The impact of colder temperatures on customer consumption during 2018 contributed \$5.0 million in incremental gross margin compared to 2017. While 2018 was colder than 2017, it was still 1.1 percent warmer than normal (average across our service territories). Normal weather during 2018 would have generated \$4.0 million in additional gross margin.

For the quarter ended December 31, 2018, warmer weather on the Delmarva Peninsula lowered gross margin by \$351,000 compared to the same period in 2017. Normal weather during the fourth quarter would have generated \$1.5 million in additional gross margin. The following table summarizes the heating degree-days ('HDD'') and cooling degree-days ("CDD'') information for the years and quarters ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 and shows variances between actual and "Normal" (10-year average) HDD and CDD for those periods.

#### HDD and CDD Information

For the Periods Ended December 31,	2018	2017	Variance	Q4 2018	Q4 2017	Variance
Delmarva						
Actual HDD	4,251	3,800	451	1,522	1,538	(16)
10-Year Average HDD ("Normal")	4,379	4,374	5	1,533	1,529	4
Variance from Normal	(128)	(574)		(11)	9	
Florida						
Actual HDD	780	533	247	273	235	38
10-Year Average HDD ("Normal")	800	818	(18)	267	263	4
Variance from Normal	(20)	(285)		6	(28)	
Ohio						
Actual HDD	5,845	5,126	719	2,138	2,057	81
10-Year Average HDD ("Normal")	5,823	5,914	(91)	2,048	2,048	—
Variance from Normal	22	(788)		90	9	
Florida						
Actual CDD	3,105	3,013	92	401	407	(6)
10-Year Average CDD ("Normal")	2,889	2,865	24	296	286	10
Variance from Normal	216	148		105	121	

Note: The Company continually refines and updates its weather calculations. These refinements may result in the annual impact varying from the aggregate of the quarterly variances previously disclosed.

#### Natural Gas Distribution Customer and Consumption Growth

Customer growth for the Company's natural gas distribution operations generated \$3.9 million and \$1.1 million in additional gross margin for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2017. The additional margin was generated from an increase of approximately 3.3 percent in the average number of residential customers served, growth in volumes delivered to commercial and industrial customers on the Delmarva Peninsula and in Florida, and new service initiated to customers in Northwest Florida.

Higher residential and commercial customer consumption increased gross margin by \$2.0 million and \$501,000 for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2017.

(in thousands)	Margin Increase						
For the Periods Ended December 31,	 2018		Q4 2018				
Customer growth:							
Residential	\$ 1,604	\$	433				
Commercial and industrial, excluding new service in Northwest Florida	1,322		296				
New service in Northwest Florida	987		336				
Total customer growth	 3,913		1,065				
Volume growth:							
Residential	655		207				
Commercial and industrial	1,522		279				
Other - including unbilled revenue	(179)		15				
Total volume growth	 1,998		501				
Total natural gas distribution growth	\$ 5,911	\$	1,566				

#### **Propane Operations**

The Company's Florida and Mid-Atlantic propane distribution operations continue to pursue a multi-pronged growth plan, which includes: targeting retail and wholesale customer growth in existing markets, both organically as well as through acquisitions; incremental growth from recent and planned start-ups in new markets; targeting new community gas systems in high growth areas; further build-out of the Company's propane vehicular platform through AutoGas fueling stations; and optimization of its supply portfolio to generate incremental margin opportunities. Our propane operations and AutoGas segment install and support propane vehicle conversion systems for vehicle fleets, including converting fleets to bi-fuel propane-powered engines and providing on-site fueling infrastructure.

These operations generated \$4.9 million and \$68,000 in incremental margin for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2017. For the year ended December 31, 2018, \$2.2 million of the margin increase reflected the impact of colder temperatures. The balance of the gross margin increase for the year reflected the impact of the growth strategies discussed above, including generating approximately a four percent increase in customers. Supply management initiatives have also increased retail propane margins from many customer classes and margin from wholesale propane sales.

#### PESCO

PESCO's gross margin for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018 increased by \$4.4 million and \$5.6 million, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2017. The following table summarizes the changes in PESCO'S year-over-year margin for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2018:

#### 19-19-19-19

For the periods ended December 31,	2018	Q	4 2018
(in thousands)	 		
Net impact of PESCO's MTM activity	\$ 10,423	\$	5,216
Net impact of extraordinary costs associated with the 2018 Bomb Cyclone for the Mid-Atlantic wholesale portfolio <sup>(1)</sup>	(3,284)		_
Loss for the Mid-Atlantic retail portfolio caused by pipeline capacity constraints in January and warm weather in February 2018 <sup>(1)</sup>	(2,261)		_
Other margin for PESCO operations (net)	(489)		409
Total Change in Gross Margin for PESCO in 2018	\$ 4,389		5,625

<sup>(1)</sup> The 2018 Bomb Cyclone refers to the high-intensity winter storms in early January 2018 that impacted the Mid-Atlantic region and which had a residual impact on the Company's businesses through the month of February. The exceedingly high demand and associated impacts on pipeline capacity and gas supply in the Mid-Atlantic region created significant, unusual costs for PESCO. While such concerted impacts will recur infrequently, the Company's management revisited and refined its risk management strategies and implemented additional controls.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, PESCO reported an operating loss of \$1.4 million, compared to an operating loss of \$3.1 million during the prior year period. The year-over-year improvement in operating loss reflects primarily increased gross margin of \$4.4 million, for the reasons discussed in the table above, which was offset by an increase of \$2.7 million in other operating expenses as a result of increased staffing, infrastructure and risk management system costs to ensure the appropriate infrastructure is in place as PESCO executes its growth strategy.

PESCO generated an operating loss of \$200,000 for the quarter ended December 31, 2018, compared to a loss of \$5.3 million during the prior year period. The improvement in quarter-over-quarter results reflects the absence of the MTM loss recorded in the fourth quarter of 2017.

#### Xeron

Xeron's operations were wound down during the second quarter of 2017. 2018 operating income improved by \$718,000 over 2017, due to the absence of an operating loss and wind-down expenses incurred in 2017.

### Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited) For the Periods Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

(in thousands, except shares and per share data)

	1	Year	ed	Fourth	rter	
		2018	2017	2018		2017
Operating Revenues						
Regulated Energy	\$	345,281	\$ 326,310 <b>\$</b>	92,614	\$	87,957
Unregulated Energy		420,617	324,595	122,862		104,133
Other businesses and eliminations		(48,409)	(33,322)	(14,286)		(11,687)
Total Operating Revenues		717,489	617,583	201,190		180,403
Operating Expenses						
Regulated energy cost of sales		121,828	118,769	32,085		31,563
Unregulated energy and other cost of sales		288,913	219,145	84,034		73,819
Operations		138,441	125,994	36,637		34,218
Maintenance		14,387	12,701	3,968		3,331
Gain from a settlement		(130)	(130)	—		—
Depreciation and amortization		40,802	36,599	10,627		9,331
Other taxes		18,628	17,085	4,909		4,513
Total operating expenses		622,869	530,163	172,260		156,775
Operating Income		94,620	87,420	28,930		23,628
Other expense, net		(615)	(2,342)	(410)		(486)
Interest charges		16,431	12,645	4,456		3,513
Income Before Income Taxes		77,574	72,433	24,064		19,629
Income taxes		20,994	14,309	6,263		(6,472)
Net Income	\$	56,580	\$ 58,124 <b>\$</b>	17,801	\$	26,101
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding:						
Basic		16,369,616	16,336,789	16,378,545		16,344,442
Diluted		16,419,870	16,383,352	16,430,594		16,397,332
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock:						
Basic	\$	3.46	\$ 3.56 <b>\$</b>	1.09	\$	1.60
Diluted	\$	3.45	\$ 3.55 <b>\$</b>	1.08	\$	1.59

# Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Subsidiaries

## Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

	As of December 31,						
Assets	 2018	2017					
(in thousands, except shares and per share data)							
Property, Plant and Equipment							
Regulated energy	\$ 1,297,416 \$	1,073,736					
Unregulated energy	237,682	210,682					
Other	34,585	27,699					
Total property, plant and equipment	1,569,683	1,312,117					
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(294,295)	(270,599					
Plus: Construction work in progress	108,584	84,509					
Net property, plant and equipment	1,383,972	1,126,027					
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	6,089	5,614					
Accounts receivable (less allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$1,108 and \$936, respectively)	85,404	77,223					
Accrued revenue	27,499	22,279					
Propane inventory, at average cost	9,791	8,324					
Other inventory, at average cost	7,127	12,022					
Regulatory assets	4,796	10,930					
Storage gas prepayments	6,603	5,250					
Income taxes receivable	15,300	14,778					
Prepaid expenses	10,079	13,621					
Derivative assets, at fair value	13,165	1,286					
Other current assets	5,684	7,260					
Total current assets	191,537	178,587					
Deferred Charges and Other Assets							
Goodwill	25,837	19,604					
Other intangible assets, net	6,207	4,686					
Investments, at fair value	6,711	6,756					
Regulatory assets	72,422	75,575					
Receivables and other deferred charges	6,985	3,699					
Total deferred charges and other assets	118,162	110,320					
Total Assets	\$ 1,693,671 \$	1,414,934					

# Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Subsidiaries

	As of December 31,					
Capitalization and Liabilities	 2018	2	2017			
(in thousands, except shares and per share data)						
Capitalization						
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share (authorized 2,000,000 shares), no shares issued and outstanding	\$ _	\$	—			
Common stock, par value \$0.4867 per share (authorized 50,000,000 shares)	7,971		7,955			
Additional paid-in capital	255,651		253,470			
Retained earnings	261,530		229,141			
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(6,713)		(4,272)			
Deferred compensation obligation	3,854		3,395			
Treasury stock	(3,854)		(3,395)			
Total stockholders' equity	518,439		486,294			
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	316,020		197,395			
Total capitalization	834,459		683,689			
Current Liabilities						
Current portion of long-term debt	11,935		9,421			
Short-term borrowing	294,458		250,969			
Accounts payable	129,804		74,688			
Customer deposits and refunds	34,155		34,751			
Accrued interest	2,317		1,742			
Dividends payable	6,060		5,312			
Accrued compensation	13,923		13,112			
Regulatory liabilities	7,883		6,485			
Derivative liabilities, at fair value	14,871		6,247			
Other accrued liabilities	12,828		10,273			
Total current liabilities	528,234		413,000			
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities						
Deferred income taxes	156,820		135,850			
Regulatory liabilities	135,039		140,978			
Environmental liabilities	7,638		8,263			
Other pension and benefit costs	28,513		29,699			
Deferred investment tax credits and Other liabilities	2,968		3,455			
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	330,978		318,245			
Total Capitalization and Liabilities	\$ 1,693,671	\$	1,414,934			

#### 23-23-23-23

#### Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Subsidiaries Distribution Utility Statistical Data (Unaudited)

			For th	e Three Months	Ended De	cember 31, 2018		For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2017								
		Delmarva Distribution	Chesapeake Utilities' Florida NG Division		FPU NG Distribution		FPU Electric Distribution		Delmarva NG Distribution		Chesapeake Utilities' Florida NG Division		FPU NG Distribution			PU Electric istribution
<b>Operating Revenues</b> (in thousands)																
Residential	\$	15,647	\$	1,313	\$	5,846	\$	9,450	\$	14,854	\$	1,435	\$	8,157	\$	10,166
Commercial		8,260		1,566		6,491		8,711		7,860		1,493		7,170		9,951
Industrial		2,274		3,117		5,995		411		2,236		1,676		5,921		1,609
Other (1)		5,426		883		3,901		298		5,090		1,039		(444)		(1,640)
Total Operating Revenues	\$	31,607	\$	6,879	\$	22,233	\$	18,870	\$	30,040	\$	5,643	\$	20,804	\$	20,086
Volumes (in Dts for natural g	as and KWF	Is for electric)														
Residential		962,407		90,091		327,226		65,844		792,602		86,682		327,815		66,998
Commercial		947,924		1,192,733		417,254		69,464		829,713		1,165,579		436,272		74,689
Industrial		1,518,671		6,577,922		1,220,219		3,350		1,375,672		3,042,088		1,171,381		15,130
Other		23,313				919,192		1,686		29,142				593,768		1,885
Total		3,452,315		7,860,746		2,883,891		140,344		3,027,129		4,294,349		2,529,236		158,702
Average Customers																
Residential		72,219		16,703		56,181		24,573		69,532		15,967		54,704		24,648
Commercial		6,992		1,550		3,893		7,508		6,848		1,435		3,962		7,468
Industrial		162		17		2,380		2		155		80		2,186		2
Other		4		_		12				3		_		10		
Total		79,377		18,270		62,466		32,083		76,538		17,482		60,862		32,118

			F	or the Year Ende	d Decemb	er 31, 2018	For the Year Ended December 31, 2017									
	Delma NG Distr		Chesapeake Utilities' Florida NG Division				FPU Electric FPU NG Distribution Distribution			Delmarva NG Distribution	( Utilit	Chesapeake ies' Florida NG Division	1	FPU NG Distribution		U Electric stribution
<b>Operating Revenues</b> (in thousands)																
Residential	\$	70,466	\$	5,086	\$	30,334	\$	44,788	\$	57,365	\$	5,600	\$	33,103	\$	44,082
Commercial		36,916		6,236		26,993		39,442		31,585		5,756		30,283		41,141
Industrial		8,289		10,911		22,296		1,543		7,619		6,535		21,647		3,561
Other (1)		928		3,108		1,494		(5,970)		3,504		3,858		(5,353)		(5,918)
Total Operating Revenues	\$	116,599	\$	25,341	\$	81,117	\$	79,803	\$	100,073	\$	21,749	\$	79,680	\$	82,866
Volumes (in Dts for natu	ıral gas and KWF	Is for electric	)													
Residential	4	,142,567		369,067		1,393,785		307,269		3,368,603		340,570		1,350,413		291,510
Commercial	3	,792,220		4,719,725		1,722,081		302,687		3,274,975		5,156,823		1,863,147		304,235
Industrial	5	,549,387		19,858,336		4,900,998		15,160		5,125,633		11,561,309		4,543,775		27,380
Other		80,254		_		2,338,815		7,402		95,415		_		1,875,761		7,511
Total	13	,564,428		24,947,128		10,355,679		632,518		11,864,626		17,058,702		9,633,096		630,636
Average Customers																
Residential		71,322		16,450		55,701		24,686		68,699		15,796		54,410		24,574
Commercial		6,979		1,519		3,915		7,497		6,845		1,421		4,054		7,450
Industrial		157		16		2,312		2		147		79		2,078		2
Other		5		_		11		_		5		_		10		
Total		78,463		17,985		61,939		32,185		75,696		17,296		60,552		32,026

<sup>(1)</sup> Operating Revenues from "Other" sources include unbilled revenue, under (over) recoveries of fuel cost, conservation revenue, other miscellaneous charges, fees for billing services provided to third parties and adjustments for pass-through taxes.